

Signal & Advertiser

W. P. HOWELL, Editor.

DALHONGA, GA., JULY 6, 1877.

Dalhonga, Ga.

We are pleased to see that it is withstanding the cry of "barl times" which seems to echo everywhere, the good-old rule of our merchants. Dalhonga is crowded with stores, but nevertheless, it seems from the busy hum and rolling of wagons and influx of farmers daily in and out, that there is generally a lively trade going on all the time; every branch of industry is fully represented. The machinery of the various mills keeps a steady roar, while hammering in the different shops speak well for the thrift of our little place. Still we have room for capitalist of every form. Our mountains are crowned with the finest timber in the world, our granite and soapstone rocks are plentiful; our common deep-set mines are in a half-worked state; any man who has the slightest knowledge of mining can by sluicing make one dollar per day, working up the old gravel pits, to say nothing of the new bars that he strikes, which is as good as ever. And the surface here is rich, yielding handsomely returns without investing anything but labor. Dalhonga is rapidly improving. *The New York Times* says:

The Great Salt Lake of Utah is a curiosity. There are but few streams of pure water flowing into it, and the water of the lake is so salty that fishes from these streams die as they enter the lake. The water is exceedingly buoyant and will float a potato or an egg, and so very elastic, his said a man who cannot swim soon finds his head go down as his feet go up when he enters the water, and yet swimmers can easily float in it all day without an exertion. The Mormons take a sort of pilgrimage to the lake for the purpose of bathing in its saline water, and say it has a fine hygienic effect. Persons bathing in the water soon find their bodies covered with a coat of salt, which forms a sort of crust, which the Mormons say is very healthful if allowed to be rubbed off by the clothes. A man who dives under the water has his head wet for a week because of the particles of salt that encrust his hair.

Three Presidential bets have been decided by the courts. The last came up at Goshen, Ill. It is thus recorded: Isaac Ayres, of Elkhart, offered to bet one hundred dollars that Tilden and Hendricks had received a majority of the electoral votes cast. Several Republican politicians accepted the offer of Ayres, and Jas. F. Hunt, a dry goods merchant, was appointed stakeholder. When the result of the election was declared by Congress, Hunt turned over the money to the Republicans under protest. Ayres at the time declaring that he would sue him for the money. Ayres sued Hunt in Elkhart and was beaten, but appealed the case to the Circuit, which came up before Judge Woods and a jury. The jury, after hearing the testimony, returned a verdict in favor of Ayres for one hundred and six dollars.

A Washington dispatch says: "The recent demonstration at New York in honor of Messrs. Tilden and Hendricks is giving a good deal of trouble to the Republicans in some quarters. It has been erroneously construed as proof of a plan to anticipate the Democratic nominations for 1880, and to nominate Tilden for President and Hendricks for Vice-President. There is reliable authority for stating they regard the demonstration in this light, and they entirely disconnect it with the Presidential succession. Their expectation is, at the proper time, to press the nomination of Mr. Hendricks for the Presidency, and they are very sanguine that a Western man will be nominated."

The New York National Exchange bank was robbed of a package containing \$10,000, Saturday afternoon. A young boy entered the bank and made some inquiries of the cashier, which necessitated the cashier opening a gate, and while his back was turned for a moment, the boy got away with the money. The thief is still at large.

Commencement.

In obedience to an uninterrupted usage for the past five years, in the annual celebration of the N. G. A. College we have all put aside the common career of life, and seized a respite from the never-ending toll of labor to meet in gladness and congratulation, mindful of the blessings arising from the Past, mindful also, we trust of the duties and responsibilities of the Present and Future.

The exercises were inaugurated by the preaching of the Commencement Sermon by Bishop Pierce on Sabbath 1st July, at the Methodist church. The house was crowded to overflowing, the silver voice and golden words of the venerable speaker thrilled that immense audience like wisdom from on high. It seems that all this worthy divine has to do is to open his mouth and holy instruction and powerful truths will pour out; we regret that space forbids our giving full details in any part of this notice. Distinguished visitors, youth and aged from all parts of the State were present in our quiet village to witness this festivity of letters in the mountains. On Monday morning at an early hour, the cadets of the College under their commandant formed a line in their prettiest style in front of the Eagle Hotel and listened to well-timed, instructive and complimentary addresses from Gen. Young, Dr. Candler and Bishop Pierce. During the day the examination of the Primary students under the efficient supervision of Mrs. Bivins was carried on with entire satisfaction. In the evening the cadets again repaired to the Hotel to salute the chief executive of the State, and heard an animated and complimentary address from our venerable Governor. At night the recitations, declamations, &c., of the children were continued with interest at the close of which Col. Alston, Col. Styles and Mr. Goldsmith were called for and responded in eloquent stirring, and encouraging addresses.

A refreshing shower Monday evening cooled the air and reinvigorated the almost suffocating through-Tuesday morning, the exercises were continued by declamation from the young men until about 11 o'clock when Col. Price, Pres. Board Trustees, proceeded to distribute honors to teachers. Fifty-three were handed out to the young men and ladies of the College who had proved themselves upon proper examination qualified to "reach the young idea how to shoot." Col. Price explained very lucidly the means by which this Institution could grant certificates. At three o'clock the Alumni Society met, but in consequence of heat and some neglected business the annual address and much of the business were postponed until Wednesday morning. Col. Styles, magnanimous editor proposed to send the Gainesville Eagle to any of the teachers three months free, provided they would write short articles for publication. Dr. Carlton very wisely suggested that a journalistic class be arranged under the control of the Faculty, and he would do a like generous deed. At night the original speeches of the young men were listened to with great interest. The temperant of the scene was sweetened by the appearance on the stage of some young ladies of the College and their elegant recitation of poetry. Gov. Colquitt was introduced and stirred up the dense audience with a fervent elegant and touching speech. His whole address was a solid embodiment of wisdom, patriotism and devotion, worthy to be remembered by all and especially the young. A loud yell for "John" brought a number of young men to the front, who brought down the—no, stirred into an uproarious shout and clamorous yell the whole auditory with "John" and "Bing-Eyed Riley" two rollicking songs that made every one hold his sides as the concourse dispersed amid peals of laughter.

Wednesday morning opened most auspiciously. The already dense audience grew denser, every one was anxious, expectant and eager. Original speeches continued to grow more lively and stirring as the more advanced students gradually appeared, until Mr. W. D. Harris was introduced to deliver the annual address to the Alumni Society, and responded in an eloquent, chaste and

stirring speech, elegantly delivered. Dr. Haygood then called and delivered an able address on general topics. In the evening speaking was continued with still increased interest until Prof. B. F. Payne was introduced as orator for the two debating societies of the college, who delivered an elegant speech, displaying much sound wisdom, delving into the intricate depths of thought through historic research and classic lore, holding up gems and jewels as a motive for action to those following him in the pursuit of knowledge. As the dim twilight faded away, the most advanced students continued to hold the solid auditory in spell-bound admiration with their chaste and eloquent speech. The exercise was again perfumed by the silver voice of some of the fairer students of the Institution in the elegant recitation of poetry. Col. Billups was called for and stirred the immense concourse with a well-timed address, congratulating the Faculty and Trustees, and complimenting the students. All through the commencement exercises the people were cheered and delighted with the sweet strain of music from the violin, piano, organ, flute and other instruments. Many peals of laughter rent the air during the exercises from the sparkling wit of students and visitors. But the sad, sad hour must come; Col. Lewis called the students upon the stage to bid them farewell. The scene was almost indescribable. That aged voice so familiar, was audible, though trembling as words of tender, affectionate, loving kindness, words of encouragement, words of warning, words of wisdom, fell from his lips like one inspired with grave responsibilities and a holy mission. This ended the highest festivity of letters, the most renowned exhibition of learning, and the most encouraging recognition of the glorious work of the N. G. A. College ever witnessed. This humble Institution is now on the high road to success, soon she will stand first in the state in majesty of power, in soundness of wisdom, in beauty of holiness, the Institutions of learning in the empire state of the South.

Col. Wier Boyd.

The following brief biographical sketch of one fellow citizen and delegate elect, Wier Boyd, we take from the *Atlanta Constitution* of the 1st inst.; which paper is publishing biographical sketches of each delegate elected to the Constitutional Convention:

The sturdy, unwavering Democracy of North Georgia will have no abler representative in the Convention than the gentleman whose name entitles this sketch. He has served his people faithfully in many ways, and it will be seen that in a Convention of the sovereign people of the State he is no stranger, and at Constitution making, anything but a pretence hand.

He was born on the 14th day of September, 1820, in Hall county, of this State. His grand father came to America from the county of Eutaw, in Antrim, in Ireland, in the year 1794. His father was then seven years of age, and afterwards served with distinction in the war of 1812. Wier Boyd was educated in "old field" schools in the counties of Gwinnett and Lumpkin, his attainments there being aided to by careful home culture. He grew up to stalwart and useful manhood, and on the 6th of February, 1843, was married to Miss Sarah J. Stitt. Between 1846 and 1854 he was three times elected Clerk of the Superior Court of Lumpkin county. The next year, 1855, he was sent by his county people to represent them in the lower house of the Georgia Legislature. Here he developed those careful and discriminating powers and clear judgments in matters of legislation that have since distinguished him. In 1861 he was elected Senator from the Thirty-second District, and served there in that hazardous period of our history. In 1865 he was a member of that celebrated Constitutional Convention whose labors it was hoped and intended, should restore Georgia to her true position among the States, to give to her own people the control of her affairs.

To refer back to the war, Mr.

Boyd was Colonel of the Fifty-second Georgia Regiment, C. S. A., and entered daintily into the struggle, but in September, 1862, he was attacked with typhoid fever and chronic diarrhoea, and compelled to resign his command shortly after. The latter disease afflicted him for more than five years, preventing his return to active service.

Col. Boyd is a lawyer of ability and popularity in his section. He practices regularly, and supplements his professional duties with pastoral pursuits upon his farm. He is a Democrat of the straightest sort, and is proud of the fact that he never voted any other ticket in a contest where politics were involved. In 1868 he was the nominee of the party for Congress in the old Sixth District, and stamped it for Seymour and Blair. The Bullock administration, however, refused to provide for an election of Congressman, and Radicalism dominated in the State until 1870. At that time others came to the front who were not under "disabilities," as Col. Boyd was supposed to be, and since then he has been out of active politics, comparatively. His people however, have again called him into the harness, and we feel sure that no one will more earnestly, discreetly and patriotically discharge his duties in the Convention than Wier Boyd.

The beautiful gold cascade presented to General Grant by the city of London, has on the obverse, central panel a view of the Capitol at Washington, and on the right and left are the monogram and arms of the Lord Mayor. On the reverse side is a view of the entrance to the Guildhall, and an appropriate inscription. At the end are two figures, also in gold, modeled and chased, representing the city of London and the United States, and bearing their respective shields, the latter executed in rich enamel. At the corners are double columns, laurel wreathed with corn and cotton, and on the cover a cornucopia, emblematical of the fertility and prosperity of the United States.

We were exposed last week to a pitiless storm, that wet our feet and stockings, and indeed our person all over. In fact we took a cracking cold, which brought sore throat and severe symptoms of fever. The good wife asserted her authority, plunged our feet in hot water, wrapped us in hot blankets, and sent our faithful son for a bottle of AYER'S Cherry Pectoral. It is a splendid medicine—pleasant to take, and did the job. We slept soundly through the night and awoke well the next morning. We know we owe our quick recovery to the Pectoral, and shall not hesitate to recommend it to all who need such a medicine.—*Ichuacuna (Texas) Presbyterian*.

Four negroes escaped from Twigg county jail last week by the following well arranged plan. While Mr. Renfro, the jailer, opened the door to give the prisoners their breakfast he was knocked down by a negro named Peyton Jones, under sentence of death for the murder of Peyton Chapman, and was held down by another negro named Seaborn Rouse until Jones and two others escaped, and then he followed suit. Pursuit was made and one of the escaping negroes who was confined for gin house burning, was recaptured.

The question of a change in the manner of inflicting the extreme penalty of the law and making executions private instead of public, is being discussed by several of our contemporaries one of which says: "It is thought that the private hanging of criminals would be best, since a certain class of men rather delight in a public sensation than otherwise. If a brutal fellow knew he was to be hanged without a crowd to witness the execution, and without an audience to listen to his wild oratory, it would take the starch out of him."

On Wednesday of last week, a fire broke out in the town of St. Johns, New Brunswick, which destroyed nearly all the business part of the place, including churches, government buildings, theatres, &c., and a large number of private residences. St. Johns is a place of about 40,000 inhabitants. The American consul stationed there says the people are seriously threatened with famine and appeals to the Northern cities for assistance.

CLOSING OUT

Before Taking Stock.

WE HAVE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES,

HARD-WARE, STOVE, TIN & WOOD-WARE,

NAILS, IRON, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES,

SCYTHES & CRADLES,

GRASS-BLADES, REAPING-HOOKS, &c., EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN N. E. GEORGIA, TO BE CLOSED OUT FOR CASH

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

BEFORE TAKING STOCK 25th JULY.

THESE GOODS must be sold; and if you want goods cheaper for the money than can be bought elsewhere, call on us at once. The goods were bought for the cash, and we know were bought cheap. We are sole agents for J. W. CARDWELL & CO.

MOUNTED THRESHERS & CLEANERS, MOUNTED & DOWN HORSE POWERS, GROUND HOG THRESHERS, FAN-MILLS, ETC.

—ALSO AGENT FOR—

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES, GIN GEARING,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. WE SELL THE BEST & CHEAPEST

SUGAR CANE MILL AND EVAPORATOR

in the United States. Last but not least

Louderback Rustic Window Shades.

NEATEST and CHEAPEST thing we ever handled. Price One Dollar, does away with two outside blinds together. Every man with a window to be beautified by all means to see Louderback's Rustic Window Shades for sale only by us.

June 22-2m

SMITH & JENKINS,

Gainesville, Ga., Near Depot.

"Levi Swaim Pure Corn Whiskey!"

JOHN B. THOMAS, Proprietor.

IS now manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, the purest and best Mountain A. Corn Whiskey. The decision of all that try this whiskey. "The best ever made in Georgia." I have employed one of the best distillers in the country, Levi Swaim. All letters or orders should be addressed to the undersigned at Dalhonga, Ga. July 9-3m Respectfully, JOHN B. THOMAS.

ATLANTA ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

THE CHEAPEST BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE, IN GEORGIA.

ORDER EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE DIRECT TO

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

OF EVERY GRADE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. A. HAYGOOD,

38 and 42 Marietta Street,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

CARPETS.

Oil Cloths, Matting,

Curtains, Wall Paper,

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

A. J. McBRIDE,

A. J. McBRIDE,

McBRIDE & COMPANY,

—DEALERS IN—

EARTHENWARE, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CUTLERY, SHOW CASES, &c.

No. 13 Pryor Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Millville Atmospheric Fruit Jar.

THE MOST PERFECT FRUIT PRESERVER IN THE WORLD

Trade Supplied by McBride & Co.,

—AT—

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

June 25-3m

The Signal & Advertiser.

A RECORD OF LOCAL, MINING, POLITICAL AND LITERARY NEWS.

OLD SERIES—VOL. XXVI. No. 4.
NEW SERIES—VOL. II. No. 1.

DAHLONEGA, GA., JULY 13, 1877.

TERMS \$1.50

Signal & Advertiser.

WALTER P. HOWELL.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

PUBLICATION OFFICE.

Remount, Masonic Building—East of Court House.

TERMS.

PER ANNUM \$1.50, in advance—50 cents.

Advertising Rates:

Transmitting advertisements, of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements of one square or more,

\$1.00 per square for the first insertion, and 50 cents

TUTT'S PILLS

A Noted Divine says

They are worth their

weight in gold.

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

Dr. TUTT—Dear Sir: For some years I have

been a sufferer by Dyspepsia, Constipation, and

Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended

to me, I used them with little delay, and

now a well man have good appetite, digestion

perfect, regular bowels, and I have

perfectly regained my health. They are worth

their weight in gold.

REV. R. E. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR HEAD-

ACHE.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR PILES.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR FEVER AND

AGUE.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR COLIC.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR INDIGESTION.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR FEVER AND

AGUE.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR COLIC.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR INDIGESTION.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR FEVER AND

AGUE.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR COLIC.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR INDIGESTION.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR FEVER AND

AGUE.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR COLIC.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR INDIGESTION.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR FEVER AND

AGUE.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR COLIC.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR INDIGESTION.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR BILIOUSNESS.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

TUTT'S PILLS

CURE FOR FEVER AND

AGUE.

A Mountain Jannet.

Editor Signal: It being out

of the question to hire conveyance of

any kind, as all the farmers were

using their stock in the harvest

fields, and with a full knowledge

that we cannot have everything as

we wish it, we took a philosophical

view of the matter, and walked out

of the quiet little village of Morgan-

ton on last Thursday in the direc-

tion of the opulent city of Dahlone-

ga. It was one of those mid-sum-

mer days in which old Sol vies to

cast all of his effulgent lightning rays

upon the pedestrian's devoted head.

The little birds had sought the

shade of the evergreen foliage, and

cheered our solitary journey as we

wed onward, with their sweet songs,

which seemed natural without any

alloy of higher-toned affectation. O,

what a lovely day! How calm and

serene! not a cloud to be seen—

Swamp dappled hills covered with

grass and undergrowth foliage;

laughing, jumping, frolicking brooks

dashing through mountain gorge

over bill and dale, making the wel-

ls in ring in their onward journey to

pay tribute to the mother deep.

Even the old rocks were pictur-
esque and grand. Each object afforded

latitude for thought, and we recog-

nized in everything the existence of

a God and the harmony of nature.

Let us partake of this surround-

ing scenery mentally. If we partake

of the fountains and brooks and riv-

ers, mentally they become the River

of Life. If we partake of the rocks

they, through mental thoughts, be-

come the Rock of Ages, and thence

reach vast eternity. Thus we see and

learn a lesson from the smallest

of God's creations, by observing the

little brook as it leaves its fountain

head, and takes up its rhythmic

route to the river, and thence em-
ptying itself into the mighty ocean,

that all nature is in harmony, and

that discord is in human innovation,
and belongs to man alone.

At last Sugar Hill is reached. We

sit down under the shade of a broad

Spanish oak for a little rest. Cool,

refreshing breezes makes us feel re-

freshed, and we continue our jour-

ney in silence and sweet communio-

n with nature's scenery, which will

never appear so beautiful on canvas

as it appeared to us on that lovely

June evening. Our reverie was dis-

turbed by a chattering noise in our

rear, looking back we saw that we

had just stepped over a huge rattle

snake, an ugly, venomous "Rat-tin-
g." We quickened our speed into a

swEEPING gallop and left the snake

slithering alone in his glory. Fortu-

nely for us, and unfortunately for the

snake we met Mr. Ira Sisson and

returned and dispatched the monster,

which was a large one, having eleven

rattles and a button.

In a little while the sun went

down, and we were all alone in the

dark. Soon the who's heavens were

bedecked and studded with starry

sentinels. The solemnity of the

hour begat reflections, and made us

feel sad and melancholy. We took

from our pocket a cheroot, com-

menced to smoke, which we soon

had to abandon in self-defense, as

myriads of little insects attracted by

following these phosphorous lights

into swamps, whose superstitions

imagined to be haunted, or some

old with endeavoring to track them.

The thought of these old scary tales

of Oubé's added very little to our

comfort. The moon is up, and is

climbing the vault of heaven. O,

how beautiful, how grand! Yet how

sad is the associations! Yet it is a

sorrow that we like to have serene

sad, calm, lofty thoughts are our

companions, and we plod along, sad,

alone and weary. Ahead we see a

beacon light. After travelling a mile

we arrive at the light, which proves

to be Gaddistown. George Cochran

had just arrived from market, with a

load of goods, and he and Mr. Pit-

ter were taking an invoice. It went

thence the foot of Coopers moun-

tain, and we reached a scene here

summit, and O, what a scene burst

upon our bewildered senses. "We

will attempt to describe the grandeur

we cannot. "We simply say with the

Psalmist: "The hills and valleys

declare thy greatness, O, God." It

must be seen to be appreciated. We

cannot blame the Indians for want-

ing to live in this country.

We leave our place of enchantment,

to dump down the side of the mountain

to Lumpkin County. We were so

much entertained with our surround-

ings that when we came to the forks

of the road, one fork leading to

Dahlonega, the other to Dawson,

we took the road leading to the lat-

ter-named place, and did not notice

the mistake until we reached the Lure

down the 1823, G. M. where we

had so much trouble over the ac-

cesses of the Peace. We found here

that we were in the neighborhood

of Hepspidan, to which place we

went and stayed over night.

Next morning Mr. Clark kindly let

us have a horse to ride to Dahlone-

ga, which place we reached safely at

about noon. The first thing that met

our sight was the great and re-

splendent H. D. Gurley & Co., with a

paper collar and standing cravat,

and a pretty bird—only lacking a

feather.

P. S.—Tell the Ly to let the

Squirrel set.

Aimee Location, a girl of eighteen

Signal & Advertiser

W. P. HOWELL, Editor.

DALHOEGIA, GA., July 13, 1877.

NOTICE.

We would remind those who are under promise to pay their subscription when wheat was threshed, that we expect from all all, a prompt fulfillment of those promises. That season is now up in us, and we are in urgent need of money and provisions, and hope that such persons will not give us cause to call on them a second time, as we are but human, and cannot always "rive with them." Come forward, then, and discharge your solemn obligation, to the printer.

Flipper, the highly colored military graduate, has returned to his home in Atlanta, and the darkies treat him as a nabob.

The Cutbert Appeal makes the prediction that more wheat will be raised in Randolph county next fall than has been done in any five years since it has been a county.

Atlanta experienced a heavy wind storm a few days ago. Large trees were uprooted and two caps on the towers of Trinity Church and the Catholic Church were blown off.

Two shares of the capital stock of the Augusta and Dalhousie Mining Company, of the par value of one thousand dollars, were sold at Augusta on Tuesday at ten dollars each.

It is said that Senator Conkling on his return from Europe will inaugurate and head an anti administration party. Things will be hot for minister Hayes, in October. Go in Conk.

There is no illegality in this piece of news: "Unusual activity is reported among distillers in view of the anticipated abundant yield of fruit. A gentleman from the Third district says there are two stills to every branch in Harris county."

Comptroller General Goldsmith, as we learn from the Constitution, estimates that the per diem of the members of the Convention will be \$5, and that mileage, stationery, clerical service, etc., will make the Convention cost about \$1,200 a day, which would make the \$25,000 last about twenty days.

A large black bear was killed on the evening of July 4, within one mile of the town of Cumming, Forsyth county, by Andy McGinnis and DeWitt Greenlee, colored, whom we congratulate on having thus provided themselves with a good supply of fresh meat. This visit of Bruin was something unusual in that vicinity.

The Marietta Field and Farm says: "One of the heaviest storms that ever visited this locality passed over this place from northwest to southeast on the evening of the 1st inst. The clouds were dense, low and heavily charged with electricity and hail. We have heard already of much damage to crops, fencing, etc."

The Macon Telegraph says: "Special Agent Bradbury Williams has succeeded in trapping a mail thief in the office at Williamsburg, Calhoun county. It proved to be the Postmaster himself, one Griffin, who was yesterday held in default of two thousand dollars bail for his appearance at the fall term of the Federal Court at Savannah."

This item we get from the Sanfer Republican: On the gate posts in front of Capt. T. J. Brannon's residence, on Lee street in this city, can be seen a couple of huge cannon balls—one a solid shot, weighing sixty pounds, and the other a percussion shell, of fifty pounds weight. These missiles were fired by the Federals from Fort Pickens, on Santa Rosa Island during the bombardment of Pensacola, Fla., in 1861. Company A First Alabama Regiment, commanded by Col. H. D. Clayton, was stationed at Pensacola during this bombardment. Capt. B. was a member of this company at the time.

Public School Teachers.

We do hope the Convention will provide a law and embody it in the new Constitution for the more effectual compensation of school teachers, for if any body of men should be paid, it is these public instructors of our little ones; they may be rightly termed the "nation's guardians." And yet, of all men, they are the poorest paid.

New Malitia District.

In compliance with the request of a large number of citizens, who petitioned the Honorable Court of Ordinary, to the effect that an order be granted authorizing the marking out and formation of a new malitia district, Judge Lawton granted said order and Martin L. Jones, of the 355th district, and Thomas J. Lee and Wm. C. Stargel of the 900th district, were appointed marking commissioners. They proceeded to mark out and locate the lines and boundaries for a new district, and in due course of time their labors were ended, and their report, which we publish elsewhere, made in accordance with the law governing such cases, to the Ordinary, which was received and approved by that officer at the July Term of his Court, 1877.

A Deliberate and Shocking Suicide.

The Thomasville Times says: Most of our readers will remember Mr. J. J. Johns, a gentleman from Wayne Co., who has passed several months here in the past year under the treatment of Dr. Andrews for cancer in the mouth. Doctor Andrews could give him no encouragement as to a final cure of the terrible disease which had fastened itself upon him, and so he returned some time since to his home much depressed. He went about his self destruction in a very methodical and business like manner. All his creditors were conferred with and all paid up; even those to whom the amounts were not due. He proceeded leisurely and deliberately to set his house in order preparatory to taking the fatal step. He even made his own coffin. After making all necessary arrangements he coolly cut his throat, from ear to ear. This is one of the most deliberate suicides of which we have ever heard. Mr. Johns was a good citizen, possessed of some means, and liked by all who knew him. He made many friends in Thomasville during his stay here, by his quiet gentlemanly deportment and bearing. He leaves a wife and two or three children.

A Terrible Accident.

We find the following account in the Constitution of Friday 6th inst: A horrible accident occurred at Belton yesterday, involving the death of two children.

It appears that Mr. Jas. H. Gardner, a respectable and worthy citizen, was at work upon his farm, with his five little children assisting him. He was plowing and they were hoeing. During the heat of the day, the little family had adjourned to the shady bank of the creek, and were taking a short rest.

The children were sitting on the grass under a large dead tree. Mr. Gardner was a few steps off resting on his plow. Suddenly without the slightest warning, the huge tree gave way and commenced to fall. The father shouted to the children to run from under the falling tree. But it swept down upon them before they could get clear. It killed the oldest daughter instantly, and threw the two younger children into the creek. One of these was mortally wounded and the other was very seriously hurt. The father himself had a very narrow escape; the horse in the plow was killed. A crowd was soon collected and all that could be done was done to aid the father, and to take care of the little ones.

A little three year old son of Mr. Lark Stewart, who lives in Jones county, near Robertson's station, on the Macon and Augusta Railroad, was drowned on Friday. The little fellow had gone to the fish pond near the house, accompanied by a negro child only a year or two older than himself, and while playing around the edge of the pond fell in and was strangled. When reached, the body was floating in water not more than two feet deep.

Gold Mining.

Dear Signal: Gold mining in this section has assumed a permanent shape, and yields as good profits as any other business in the whole country. The mills are all running and turning out a handsome yield.

THE HAND COMPANY.

has worked up to the noted Knight's Vein, which insures a good run in the future. This Company will soon have completed their fine new 20 stamp mill, which will give them 40 stamps on this property.

THE BENNING.

is moving on well, with a beautiful lot of ore at hand.

MUFF'S MILL.

is holding its own, and the indications are that it will continue to do well for a long while yet.

THE FINDLEY.

is doing her "big best." The ores are decidedly rich and easy to handle. The "Large Sand" vein contains the finest ores we have ever seen. Nothing better has ever been found, even on the Rocky Mountain claim. The facility with which these ores can be worked, made from their genuine richness, adds greatly to the value of this magnificent property.

The construction of a large ditch from the Yahoola Canal to the Pigeon Roost property, has already been commenced. When finished it will open up a large gold belt known to be rich. On the line of this ditch there are a great number of rich leads that could never be worked for lack of water. This ditch will furnish an abundance of water at almost a nominal cost, and which will in the near future set in operation more mills supplied with rich ores.

Our State Geologist has for some days been with us, and we are happy to state he is pleased and delighted with our rich gold fields. His next report will contain some interesting facts, which will impress on the people of Georgia that their own native State is not behind even California in rich beds of the precious metals.

Besides the numerous veins that can be easily worked, there are many others which are largely sulphureted, and which cannot be worked to any great advantage with our ordinary stamp mills. If some process by which these rich sulphurets could be handled at a low cost could be introduced the supply of gold from this vicinity would be four-fold. Many distinguished visitors have been in our midst recently, inspecting the mines, and they are universally delighted with the prospects before the gold belt of Georgia. Several new companies are being formed, new mills being erected, new deposits are being worked, and everything promises a lively time during the remainder of the season. Gold mining is rapidly becoming the leading interest in North Georgia, and we earnestly hope that our people will do all in their power to encourage it. It has made California rich, and why may it not enrich our own poverty-stricken State, when we have just as good ores as California ever saw in her best days?

SILEX.

Jack Thomason, colored boy, was hung at LaGrange last Friday for the crime of murder, the deed being one of the most fiendish character, being no less than the murder of two children out of spite, because their mother had said they should not play with him. He stopped in while their parents were away and killed them. He shot the eldest (aged eight years) with a shot-gun, tearing the roof of the head off. The youngest (aged two years) he killed an axe and then deliberately cut her with a rusty case knife. He was discovered by a little superstitious trick played by the negroes just before the children were buried.

A fatal accident occurred at Professor Wagner's city private school near Lancaster, Pa., on Thursday. One of the boys had smuggled a small revolver into the school and exhibited it to a companion, who flourished and pointed it at a boy named McCullough, aged fourteen years, whose parents reside in Pittsburgh. The pistol went off accidentally, instantly killing young McCullough, the ball entering the right eye.

Council Proceedings.

DALHOEGIA, GA., July 9, 1877.

At a regular meeting of the Town Council of Dalhousie held this evening. Present His Honor J. C. Brittain, Mayor, and Councilmen Rice and Sisson—absent, Councilmen Thomas and Beck.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

The following ordinances were read and adopted:

An Ordinance, to prohibit the use of rubber or other sling shots within the corporate limits of said town.

Be it Ordained by the Town Council of Dalhousie, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same, that from and after passage of this ordinance, no person shall be allowed to use any sling shot for the purpose of throwing shot or other missiles within the corporate limits of said town. Any violation of the foregoing ordinance shall be punished by a fine of one dollar for each offense or imprisonment in the Dalhousie one day.

An Ordinance for the proper cleansing of privies and abating such nuisances.

Be it Ordained, by the Town Council of Dalhousie, and it is hereby ordained by authority of the same that all persons owning or having privies under their control that are offensive, shall forthwith have sinks dug, a sufficient depth to abate the nuisance. And in case of failure or refusal on the part of any proprietor to dig such sink, the Marshal shall proceed to have the work done and collect the expense from the proprietor as provided in the general act incorporating Towns and Villages.

On motion it was resolved that the Tax Book, be kept open till 1st day of August next, at which time they shall positively be closed, and executions issued against all property on which the incorporation tax is unpaid.

On motion it was resolved that the Marshal be instructed to notify all defaulters for street tax that if the same is not paid at once, either in money or labor that the Council will proceed against such defaulters as provided in the general act incorporating Towns and Villages.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid.

Thos. Strong work on streets, well-house, and services rendered during College Commencement..... \$10.00
Sisson & Bro. material and labor furnished for well house..... \$10.81
Council adjourned.

P. M. SUTTON, J. C. BRITAIN,
Clerk, Intendant.

A Sermon for Delinquents.

It is related that a poor but honest man once had his dwelling consumed by fire, and he was wringing his hands in despair. A large crowd hastily gathered around him, and from their expressions great sorrow at his misfortune. A Jew standing by, moved by pity, exclaimed, "See here, mine friends, I sorry ten dollar and here it is; how much you sorry?" This was emphasizing the thought by the action, and he there made a good mark in the book of life brighter than that made by him of loud professions and little do's.

Now, if you feel for us or appreciate our endeavors to give you a good paper, we don't ask you to bestow any charity upon us, but only come forward and pay up your arrears. The crops are ample and the harvest is plenty, therefore, hold not longer from us that which is our own.

The Savannah News says: Governor Nichols of Louisiana is determined to find out all about that far famed alleged attempted assassination of Packard. An information has been filed in New Orleans against William H. Weldon by District Attorney Finny, for shooting, with intent to kill, Stephen B. Packard on the 15th of February last. It is stated that Governor Nichols will make a requisition on the Governor of Pennsylvania for Weldon's return to Louisiana. No doubt when the trial comes off, the bottom facts of the celebrated shooting case will be arrived at. Inasmuch as it is very evident that the whole affair was planned by Packard for dramatic effect at Washington, it is by no means likely that the ex-Marshall will, if he can avoid it, be present to give in his testimony.

CLOSING OUT

Before Taking Stock.

WE HAVE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES

HARD-WARE, STOVE, TIN & WOOD-WARE.

NAILS, IRON, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES.

SCYTHES & CRADLES.

GRASS-BLADES, REAP-HOOKS, etc. EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN N. E. GEORGIA, TO BE CLOSED OUT FOR CASH

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

BEFORE TAKING STOCK 25th JULY.

THESE GOODS must be sold and if you want goods cheaper for the money than can be bought elsewhere, call on us at once. Our friends were bought for the cash, and we know were bought cheap. We are now agents for J. W. CARDWELL & CO.

MOUNTED THRESHERS & CLEANERS.
MOUNTED & DOWN HORSE POWERS.
GROUND LOG THRESHERS, FAN-MILLS, ETC.

—ALSO AGENT FOR—

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES, GIN GEARING,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. WE SELL THE BEST & CHEAPEST

SUGAR CANE MILL AND EVAPORATOR

In the United States. Last but not least

Louderback Rustic Window Shades.

NEATEST and CHEAPEST thing we ever handled. Price One Dollar, does away with two outside blinds together. Every man with a window to his house out by all means to buy Louderback's Rustic Window Shades—for sale only by us.

SMITH & JENKINS,
Columbiana, Ga. New Agents

"Levi Swaim Pure Corn Whiskey!"

JOHN B. THOMAS, Proprietor.

IS new manufacturing, and keeps constantly on hand, the purest and best Mountain Corn Whiskey. The decision of all that try this whiskey. "The best ever made in Georgia." I have employed one of the best distillers in the country, Levi Swaim. All letters or orders should be addressed to the undersigned at Dalhousie, Ga.

Respectfully,
JOHN B. THOMAS.

ATLANTA ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

THE CHEAPEST BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE IN GEORGIA.

ORDER EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE DIRECT TO

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

OF EVERY GRADE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. A. HAYGOOD,

38 and 42 Marietta Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CARPETS.

Oil Cloths, Matting,

Curtains, Wall Paper,

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

June 28-3m

A. J. McBRIDE,

S. L. McBRIDE.

McBRIDE & COMPANY,

—DEALERS IN—

PARQUETWARE, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CUTLERY, SHOW CASES, &c.

No. 13 Pryor Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Millville Atmospheric Fruit Jar.

THE MOST PERFECT FRUIT PRESERVER IN THE WORLD

Trade Supplied by McBride & Co.,

—AT—

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

June 28-3m

Attention is paper. Rochester, N

Wheat Threshing Steam ENGINES.

adapted to Mount on any Ordinary Farm Wagon

10 Horse Power Engine Complete,	\$350.00.
" " " " " "	\$75.00.
" " " " " "	\$75.00.

Send for Illustrated Circular.

CHOFFIELD'S IRON WORK

Manufactured by

READ THE ANNOUNCEMENT
OF THE
Murray Hill Publishing Co.
John P. Jewett, Manager.

CHRONIC DISEASES CURED.
It is the object of this work to give to the public a full and complete knowledge of the nature and treatment of all chronic diseases, and to show how they may be cured by the use of the "Murray Hill" system. The work is written in a plain, simple, and easy-to-understand language, and is illustrated with numerous diagrams and drawings. It is a valuable work for all who are afflicted with chronic diseases, and for all who wish to know more about the nature and treatment of these diseases. The work is published by the Murray Hill Publishing Co., and is available for sale at all bookstores and by mail.

SCIENCE IN STORY. A new and interesting series of stories, each of which is a lesson in science. The stories are written in a simple, easy-to-understand language, and are illustrated with numerous diagrams and drawings. The series is published by the Murray Hill Publishing Co., and is available for sale at all bookstores and by mail.

FREE PUBLICATIONS. We will send you a free copy of our "Murray Hill" system, and a free copy of our "Science in Story" series, if you will send us a small card, and a recent photograph of yourself. The card should be addressed to the Murray Hill Publishing Co., and should be sent by mail.

AGENTS. We are seeking agents for our "Murray Hill" system, and our "Science in Story" series, in all parts of the country. Agents who wish to sell these works should send us a card, and a recent photograph of themselves. The card should be addressed to the Murray Hill Publishing Co., and should be sent by mail.

THE NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.

The attention of the public is invited to the many valuable articles which have recently been made in this paper. The articles are written by some of the most prominent police officers in the country, and are of great interest to all who are concerned with the work of the police.

Record of Crime.

CRIMINAL JURISPRUDENCE in the United States. All possible means are being taken to supply the public with a paper of this nature. The paper is published by the National Police Gazette, and is available for sale at all bookstores and by mail.

Justice, Honesty, Truth.

It is especially valuable to the public, and to all who are concerned with the work of the police, to have a paper of this nature. The paper is published by the National Police Gazette, and is available for sale at all bookstores and by mail.

National Police Gazette.

The best newspaper published, and worthy of the highest praise. The paper is published by the National Police Gazette, and is available for sale at all bookstores and by mail.

Single Copies Ten Cents.

To Agents. Terms, particulars, and all other information, should be sent to the National Police Gazette, and should be sent by mail.

Richard K. Fox.

Sanford's Liver and Kidney Pills.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.
For all the purposes of a Family Physic; for curing Constipation, Headache, Indigestion, Flatulency, Stomach, Bile, Headache, Rheumatism, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Tumors, Wounds, Neuralgia, and Skin Diseases. It is a safe, reliable, and effective medicine, and is available for sale at all bookstores and by mail.

FOR THE MONEY!

SPECIAL TO FRIENDS AND PATRONS:
With increased facilities for carrying on the publication of our paper for the New Year, the "SIGNAL & ADVERTISER" will be found, as heretofore, strictly independent and always reliable, and will endeavor to supply its readers with the most complete and trustworthy accounts of current events.

JOBB OFFICE.

NEW TYPE AND JOB PRESS!

Having made several NEW and IMPORTANT ADDITIONS to our office in the way of Job Printing Material and a first-class Job Press, we are prepared to execute in the most fashionable MODERN STYLE and at BOTTOM PRICES, every description of Printing, both

FANCY AND PLAIN:

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

PERFECTION
ATTAINED AT LAST!
A TRIAL WILL INSURE ITS POPULARITY EVERYWHERE.

WHITE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

WE EXCHANGE MACHINES.

WARRANTY.

Warranting Every Machine for 3 Years.

THE SHUTTLE TENSION IS ADJUSTABLE.

AGENTS.

White Sewing Machine Co.

CLOTHES' POWDER.

A New and Labor Saving INVENTION!

A CHEAP WASHING MACHINE.

\$5 PRICE OF MACHINE \$5 PRICE OF MACHINE \$5

Reeves & McAfee.

DOCTOR!

The Atlanta Medical and Surgical Journal.

SIGNAL & ADVERTISER
FOR 1877!

\$1.50 per Annum, in Advance.

FOR THE MONEY!

SPECIAL TO FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

With increased facilities for carrying on the publication of our paper for the New Year, the "SIGNAL & ADVERTISER" will be found, as heretofore, strictly independent and always reliable, and will endeavor to supply its readers with the most complete and trustworthy accounts of current events.

JOBB OFFICE.

NEW TYPE AND JOB PRESS!

Having made several NEW and IMPORTANT ADDITIONS to our office in the way of Job Printing Material and a first-class Job Press, we are prepared to execute in the most fashionable MODERN STYLE and at BOTTOM PRICES, every description of Printing, both

FANCY AND PLAIN:

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

PERFECTION
ATTAINED AT LAST!
A TRIAL WILL INSURE ITS POPULARITY EVERYWHERE.

WHITE SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.

WE EXCHANGE MACHINES.

WARRANTY.

THE SHUTTLE TENSION IS ADJUSTABLE.

AGENTS.

White Sewing Machine Co.

CLOTHES' POWDER.

A New and Labor Saving INVENTION!

A CHEAP WASHING MACHINE.

\$5 PRICE OF MACHINE \$5 PRICE OF MACHINE \$5

Reeves & McAfee.

DOCTOR!

The Atlanta Medical and Surgical Journal.

NEWS FOR EVERYBODY!

SPRING GOODS! SPRING GOODS!

H. D. GURLEY & BRO.

IF YOU WANT CHEAP

CLOTHING

DRY GOODS

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Stationeries,

CONFECTIONERIES

GROCERIES, HARDWARE AND MEDICINES,

Or anything kept in the market. The latest styles of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods always on hand. Finest Cigars and Tobaccos in town. GIVE US A CALL. It will cost you nothing, and if we don't both please and sell you goods.

H. D. Gurley & Bro.

STREET & SMITH'S PUBLICATIONS

New York Weekly

Sorgho Machinery.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.

Atlanta, - Geo.

Copper Evaporators

Special Circular.

FIRST-CLASS CANE MILLS.

Very Low Figures.

Bargains in Thrashers,

ENGINES,

FAN MILLS, HORSE POWERS, GRIST MILLS, GINS, COTTON PRESSES, FIELD HOES, TURNING PLOWS, MOWERS AND REAPERS,

HORSE RAKES,

SMUT MACHINES,

MILL ROCKS, BOLTING CLOTHS, etc.

1500 Pounds of Turnip Seeds

En Route.

Mark W. Johnson & Co.

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

Try Your Luck.

W. M. BURROW,

STREET & SMITH'S PUBLICATIONS

New York Weekly

Sorgho Machinery.

MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.

Atlanta, - Geo.

Copper Evaporators

Special Circular.

FIRST-CLASS CANE MILLS.

Very Low Figures.

Bargains in Thrashers,

ENGINES,

FAN MILLS, HORSE POWERS, GRIST MILLS, GINS, COTTON PRESSES, FIELD HOES, TURNING PLOWS, MOWERS AND REAPERS,

HORSE RAKES,

SMUT MACHINES,

MILL ROCKS, BOLTING CLOTHS, etc.

1500 Pounds of Turnip Seeds

En Route.

Mark W. Johnson & Co.

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

Try Your Luck.

W. M. BURROW,

Bottom Prices!

QUALITY AND PRICES

LUMBER!

Moose's Saw Mill.

F. V. MOOSE, Agent.

(8 miles from Dahlonega.)

Bottom Prices!

QUALITY AND PRICES

LUMBER!

Moose's Saw Mill.

F. V. MOOSE, Agent.

Signal & Advertiser

W. P. HOWELL, Editor.

DAHLONEGA, GA., JULY 20, 1877.

The little town of Salem, North Carolina, with 2,000 inhabitants, has gathered and sent to market during the past three years, more than three million pounds of blackberries, for which the growers received nearly half a million dollars.

In the Presbyterian General Assembly, at Chicago, last week, Rev. Dr. Van Dyke said: "I do not believe that any dying infant baptized or unbaptized, heathen or Christian, is excluded from the kingdom of heaven. I believe they are all saved." The statement was applauded.

On Monday night a colored man, John James, a section hand on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad between Hawkinsville and Cochran, was shot and killed in his yard near Mobley's Crossing, by unknown parties. His wife and child were standing between him and the party or parties who shot him.

In reference to sheep raising, the *Griffin News* has the following from a correspondent: "Judge A. A. Lemon of McDonough, Henry county, Georgia, sent to my wool factory, on the 16th ult., two hundred and fifty pounds of nice, clean wool, of his own raising, to be carded into rolls. About twelve months ago he sent me fifty pounds."

The illicit distillers of peach and apples jack are now having a melancholy time of it in Knoxville, East Tennessee. The papers say the city is crowded with parties under indictment and witnesses—that of the former there are 250, and of the latter at least 700. Under these circumstances it is hard to find a spare bed in Knoxville.

Time heat and the bad sanitary condition of the crowded tenement houses has caused a frightful increase of mortality in New York City. The deaths reported last week were nearly seven hundred. Half of the deaths occurred in houses containing four or more families. The Board of Health has petitioned the city authorities for extra means.

Recent advices from the Black Hills show that a party of ninety-eight miners, with two women, killed more hostile Indians in a day than General Sherman's ill-managed and scattered army have killed this season. Cooched up behind breastworks, the band of pioneers repelled charge after charge, and dealt death with unerring aim among the savage foe, who at length withdrew from the contest, leaving one hundred and sixteen bodies on the field.

An Episcopal church in New York City has come to grief. The congregation of the Church of the Holy Savior owed the rector, Rev. A. B. Carter, \$15,000 for arrears of salary and money advanced. The rector dunned his flock in vain and in desperation turned loose the Sheriff upon the church. That officer seized all the personal property, including the organ, altar ornaments, communion plate and furniture, and the mortgages are about foreclosing on the church building and real estate for a debt of \$80,000. Hard times.—*Exchange*.

It is stated by the New York correspondent of the *Baltimore Sun* that the heaviest amount in the way of interest and dividends upon stock and bond securities paid to any one man in that city, and probably in the United States, if not in the world, is paid to Wm. H. Vanderbilt. The total is estimated at over \$1,500,000 per quarter, or between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 per annum, of which some \$4,000,000 is received from the bonds and stock of the New York Central railroad. So vast a total income is believed to be by those who have good means for knowing without a parallel, except in the case of Mr. Vanderbilt's father, the commodore, who at times realized even a larger income than seven millions. As was the case with the commodore the son invests these dividends and interest at once in the same securities, or those equally good, avoiding real estate and other sources of revenue, no matter how tempting for the moment they may seem.

Our College.

Heretofore the N. G. A. College at this place has been receiving only \$2,000 of the \$16,000 income from the agricultural land scrip fund, which is not enough by one-half. Col. Wier Boyd, we are glad to see, very wisely introduced a bill to the effect that one-third of this amount be given to this institution, and we sincerely trust, as do the hundreds of other friends of this College, that the bill will become a law, thereby giving to this popular and rapidly growing institution of learning her just dues.

The simple fact that the Dahlonega College instructs annually thousands as many pupils as the State University, should be sufficient argument in its favor for the bill to become a law. We have the assurance that the measure has many warm friends in the Convention, and that Col. Boyd will make a stubborn fight in favor of its passage.

The Constitutional Convention.

This important body met at the State Capitol on the 11th inst., and organized—Chas. J. Jenkins chosen President by acclamation; J. C. Nisbet, of Dade county, Secretary; J. R. Smith, of Coffee county, Messenger, and T. L. Johnson, of Hart county, Door-keeper.

The Convention is hard down at work, and resolutions are being rapidly introduced. The Homestead question has been tackled, and is assuming great importance. Mr. Casey introduced a resolution to establish a homestead and exemption of \$2,000 realty and \$1,000 personalty. Col. Boyd also, introduced a resolution on the same subject, reading, an Ordinance to abolish the present homestead laws and a return to the old laws on this subject. The Capital question has also been sprung, and innumerable other changes proposed, and ordinances introduced, such as to reduce the Legislature, with biennial sessions, abolishing the Supreme Court, etc.

Wells and Anderson, of Returning Board Fame.

Washington seems to be in a state of excitement in regard to the indictment against Wells and Anderson, members of the Louisiana returning board of fraudulent action in connection with their canvass of the presidential election last winter. It is rumored that the president takes considerable interest in the matter, being greatly annoyed in regard to this disturbance of the political millenium by the wicked democrats. Governor Nicholls is said to be opposed to the indictments and desire their withdrawal, but Attorney General Ogden, who is the leader of the Bourbon element, has resisted all efforts to secure an amiable adjustment of the matter. There is a rumor, which is not confirmed, that the president has sent messengers to Louisiana requesting the withdrawal of the indictments. It is said that the northern democratic managers are under great concern in reference to these indictments, and that Louisiana dem. have been warned that the matter will be injurious to the interests of Judge Spofford, senator elect.

The *Macon Telegraph* says that apropos of the question of progress and advancement in the higher culture of the fine varieties of fruit might be the returns received from shipments recently made from here. On last Saturday, the 8th, Mr. J. F. Greer shipped to New York seven crates of a very fine variety of peaches carefully packed, and on yesterday received returns of their sale at \$7.50 per bushel, while shipment of indifferent varieties do not pay expenses. The cost of cultivating the fine varieties is no more than of the poorer ones, although they possibly require a little more attention.

It will be a day of rejoicing throughout Georgia when a diversified agricultural interest shall relieve her people from their servile bondage to the West.

Mercer University conferred the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity on Rev. R. W. Fuller, of Atlanta. Rev. J. H. Campbell of Columbus, and Rev. J. G. Ryals, of Bartow. Honorary-degrees of Master of Arts was also conferred on Captain Robert J. Harris, of Thomas county, and Rev. E. B. Barrett, of Franklin.

Mining.

Nothing exciting has transpired since our last. All of our mills are moving along and paying a very nice profit on the capital invested. All are supplied with abundance of good ore, which can be worked very cheaply. Most of the mills are well-arranged, so that when the water moves the ore from the cuts, it lands in the mills by the batteries thereby greatly lessening the cost of milling. The water does the work of many hands. The ditch to the Pigeon Roost property is being rapidly pushed forward and soon one of the richest mining belts in the world will begin to give up the yellow dust. This ditch is high above many veins and deposits which only need water to make them profitable. Col. N. H. Hand, the mover in this enterprise, and he displays a thorough knowledge of how mines in Georgia ought to be worked. He is so energetic and has succeeded so well in the face of great difficulties in the past that we have entire confidence in his ability and good business sense to manage the old Pigeon Roost, and make her give up her precious metals in which she is so rich. This property will be, with water on it, easily worked. The slate is rotten and the quartz and sulphurates are in almost a state of decomposition, which will greatly facilitate operations. There is a great quantity of free gold on this property. We have never been able to find a square rod of earth on it that would not give a few particles of gold. It has contained many deposits of almost fabulous richness, and even now it has some that are very good, and the whole country around is threaded with rich veins. Our State Geologist tells us that he has never seen anything like it.

Col. Moore has a new mill on the same belt which is making a fine yield. We saw some beautiful specimens from one of his veins which indicate a long run of rich ore. Everything now point to prosperity among the mines, and we are gratified to learn that some strong companies are being organized to keep up the good work. Yours, etc.

From Different Parts of the State.

The State Lunatic Asylum is so crowded with inmates that it is difficult for a new patient to gain admittance.

Sumter has a flourishing County Fair Association. We regret that we are unable to say the same of our own county.

The peach crop, says the *Sumter Republican*, is everywhere admitted to be better than it ever has been since the war.

Two boys were killed by lightning in Upson county last week. One, a white boy of the name of Flowers, was standing in the door near Flint river factory, when struck, the other, colored, was killed a mile or two above the factory.

The *Brunswick Journal* says: Some thief entered Mr. A. T. Putnam's store on Wednesday night last, and stole about two hundred dollars worth of goods, consisting principally of cigars, tobacco and fancy groceries. They entered through the back window by raising the blinds and operating upon the latch.

Mr. T. J. Williamson on Tuesday last succeeded in descending the steep side of Stone Mountain and entering the cave, a distance of above twelve hundred feet. A large crowd from Atlanta and other points witnessed the perilous undertaking, though the performer was himself very much exhausted on reaching the point of departure on his descent, in consequence of the extreme heat of the weather.

The *Buena Vista Argus* says: "We learn it is common rumor among the colored people that probably about ten escaped convicts from the chain-gang now in Uchee swamps, who are intimidating both white and colored people. It is rumored persons have been seized and robbed of their provisions while going to their work. Others have been intimidated at their houses. It is said that the stoning of Mr. Bentley's house below here was done by some of them that they might pilfer the house."

A HISTORICAL FRAGMENT.

Why the Transmission of Louisiana's Electoral Vote Was Delayed.

New Orleans Times.
It will be remembered that General T. C. Anderson carried the Hayes electoral vote of this State to Washington, and that there was at the time considerable mystery connected with the non-delivery of the vote to the presiding officer of the Senate. Numerous telegrams were sent hither from Washington, giving various reasons why Anderson had not delivered his package in accordance with the usual custom. As the great question upon which the package had such an important bearing has long since been settled, parties who are acquainted with the mystery attendant upon the package carried by Anderson do not hesitate now to tell what the trouble was. It seems that when Anderson reached Washington the package and its contents were subjected to a vigorous inspection by experts before being delivered to the proper custodian. It was found that a very serious error had been made by the clerk who made up the certificates, so grave indeed that it was deemed dangerous to allow any one outside of the select to know of it. A special messenger was despatched to New Orleans with the package in order that the clerk who made the error might make the correction so that there would be no discrepancy in the hand writing. The messenger arrived in New Orleans, found the clerk, had the correction made, and returned in time to deliver the electoral vote to the President of the Senate within the time allowed by law.

War in Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania, who has just rid herself of the Mollie Maguires, has another war on her hands, which is as bad as the Indian war in Oregon. The tramps have taken the war-path, and in the last week in the two counties of Washington and Westmoreland outraged six respectable women and barbarously murdered three of them—robbed a railway train—sacked and burned numerous houses and barns, plundered several railway depots and performed other exploits of the kind too numerous to specify.

The tramp throughout the Northern States just now is a standing menace to personal and social safety, a roving brigand, a highway pirate, who will have to be accorded prison bounds as a measure of prevention and safety. Vagrants should be sternly dealt with everywhere.—*Exchange*.

Foreign Do.

It is officially announced at St. Petersburg that the Russian losses in crossing the Danube at Siskova were 300 killed and 400 wounded.

The Ottoman Parliament will be reopened on the 1st of October, at Constantinople, provided, we may add, if the Russian are afar off.

It is evident from information received from the seat of war, that no official resistance will be made by the Wall on the line of Trajan's Wall.

The Russians have complete possession of the Dobruzhubs and are advancing rapidly toward the Turks' second line of defence—the Balkan Mountains.

German financiers are alarmed at the large Russian issues of paper currency. It is stated that since the outbreak of the war 160,000,000 roubles have been remitted.

It is hard to believe that there are some men so given up to the devil and his sins as to practice upon an unsuspecting public the awful crime of adulterating medicines, upon which, in many instances, life depends. But Hawkinsville has been made a victim. One of her physicians last week prescribed the use of quinine in several cases, but though constantly administered, the fevers did not abate. He was puzzled considerably until Monday morning last, when an analysis of the quinine revealed the fact that about nine-tenths of it was carbonate of magnesia. Quinine has advanced to six dollars per ounce, and this extraordinary price had the effect of prompting the rascals to use about sixty cents worth of pure quinine and the remainder in magnesia or some other spurious ingredient.—*Hawkinsville Dispatch*.

CLOSING OUT

Before Taking Stock.

WE HAVE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES,

HARD-WARE, STOVE, TIN & WOOD-WARE,

NAILS, IRON, CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES,

SCYTHES & CRADLES,

GRASS-BLADES, REAP-HOOKS, etc. EVER OFFERED FOR SALE IN N. E. GEORGIA, TO BE CLOSED OUT FOR CASH

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

BEFORE TAKING STOCK 25th JULY.

THESE GOODS must be sold (and if you want goods cheaper for the money than can be bought elsewhere, call on us at once. Our goods were bought for the cash, and we know were bought cheap. We are sole agents for J. W. CALDWELL & CO.

MOUNTED THRESHERS & CLEANERS, MOUNTED & DOWN HORSE POWERS, GROUND HOG THRESHERS, FAN-MILLS, ETC.

—ALSO AGENT FOR—

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES, GIN GEARING,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. WE SELL THE BEST & CHEAPEST

SUGAR CANE MILL AND EVAPORATOR

in the United States. Last but not least

Louderback Rustic Window Shades.

NEATEST and CHEAPEST thing we ever handled. Price One Dollar; does away with two outside blinds altogether. Every man with a window to his house ought to buy Louderback's Rustic Window Shades—for sale only by us.

SMITH & JENKINS,

Gainesville, Ga., New Depot.

ATLANTA ADVERTISEMENTS.

WINSHIP & WORKS
SAW MILLS, IRON WORKS, GRIST MILLS, SHAFING, PULLEYS & COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND, OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO ATLANTA, GA.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

THE CHEAPEST BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE IN GEORGIA

ORDER EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE DIRECT TO

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

OF EVERY GRADE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. A. HAYGOOD,

38 and 42 Marietta street,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, Matting,

Curtains, Wall Paper,

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

A. J. McBRIDE,

E. L. McBRIDE

McBRIDE & COMPANY,

—DEALERS IN—

EARTHENWARE, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CUTLERY, SHOW CASES, &c.

No. 3 Pryor Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Millville Atmospheric Fruit Jar.

THE MOST PERFECT FRUIT PRESERVER IN THE WORLD

Trade Supplied by McBride & Co.,

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Text, Transparent, Picture and Colours
100 samples, worth \$400, sent postpaid for
Illustrated Catalogue free. J. H. RUFFORD'S
Boston. Estab'd 1830. July 13

Signal & Advertiser

W. P. HOWELL, Editor.

DALTON, GA., JULY 27, 1877.

We learn from the *Southern Christian Advocate* that the Rev. David Nolan, recently in charge of the Whitesburg circuit, of the La-Grange district, has been found guilty of adultery, and suspended from the ministry until the next session of the North Georgia Conference.

Why is it that when there is anything of importance going on at the State Capitol, that we fail to receive the daily visits of the Atlanta Constitution—the principal source from which this section obtains her outside news? Since the assembling of the Con. Con. the Constitution reaches this post office only about three times a week. We hope this matter will be early remedied.

Sandersville Herald. "Mr. Kirkland cut open a hollow log to catch a rabbit the other day, and on drawing it out he also drew out an immense rattlesnake that had partially swallowed the rabbit. He struck the snake upon the head, and sixteen young furious rattlesnakes ran out of the pouch under the body of the mother snake. The little snakes were very bellicose, but were killed. There were seventeen rattles on the old snake, and it measured about five feet in length."

Sharpe, the swindling and absconding Atlanta jeweler, has been heard from. He was seen a few days ago in a billiard saloon in New Orleans, where he passes by the name of Francis Tie. He has gambled away all his money, and is now out at the elbows, and his Atlanta creditors think he is not worth trying to get at present. Such is the story told by a detective who has visited Atlanta with a view of getting the job of arresting him and the reward for so doing.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for August is full of interesting matter and highly entertaining. It contains an article illustrative of the "Jews in America," with thirteen fine engravings, portraits, etc., of the Jewish Church. "A Run along the Smyrna Coast," by Leon and Scott; "All About Turtle Hunting," "The Provisioning of Paris," "Southern Scenes," "Manufacture of Paper," "The Opium Habit," A variety of biographical and other interesting paragraphs, a number of beautiful short stories, etc., etc. all contained in 126 pages, and enriched with 100 illustrations. The publication is a highly meritorious one and is entitled to the continued patronage and praise of all who can appreciate so good a magazine, and which is cheap. It may be obtained for one year, by mail, post-paid, or \$2.50, or single number, as also the great Summer Holiday Number for 25 cents, by addressing your orders, with price inclosed, direct to FRANK LESLIE'S PUBLISHING HOUSE, 537 Pearl Street, New York.

Railroad Strikes.

During last week, says the *Athens Watchman*, the employees of a number of the Northern railroads, in New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland and Ohio engaged in a strike, on account of a proposed reduction of wages by the officials of the roads. The strikers stopped the trains and resolved not to allow others to run them. In Baltimore, Pittsburgh and other places, the strikers were joined by large numbers of other workmen.

The militia were ordered out by the Governors of Maryland and Pennsylvania, and there were several skirmishes between them and the strikers. In Baltimore, on Friday, there was great excitement, on account of a collision of the rioters and the militia in which the former attacked the militia with clubs and stones, and were fired into by them in return, which resulted in the killing of 25 persons. Several were also killed at Pittsburgh. Gov. Carroll, of Maryland has applied to the President for Federal troops to quell the disturbance.

At last accounts, rioters were becoming quieted, and it was thought there would be no further serious trouble.

The General Committee of Revision Continue Their Work.

The following important and interesting synopsis of the report of the General Committee of Revision we find in the *Macon Telegraph & Messenger*, of the 22d inst., and publish it in full, as the most important business of the Convention is now being arrived at:

In the Report of the Committee on "Finance, Taxation and Public Debt," it is declared that there shall be no tax levied save for the support of the State government, to provide a general school fund, to pay the interest and principal of the public debt, and to suppress insurrection, repel invasion and defend the State in time of war.

Taxation, too, shall be uniform, but the General Assembly may exempt all public property, places of religious worship or burial, and institutions of purely public charity. A provision for the taxation of dogs and other destructive domestic animals is also included.

All laws authorizing the borrowing of money for the State shall specify the object for which the funds shall be used, and the money so obtained shall be expended for no other purpose.

The credit of the State can never be pledged or bound to any individual, company, corporation or association, and the State cannot become a joint stock holder or owner in any private company or corporation.

No county or municipal corporation can become a stockholder in any company, corporation or association, or obtain money from, or loan its credit to any corporation, company, association institution or individual.

No county can levy any tax save for educational purposes and current expenses, and to pay debts heretofore existing.

The State is prohibited from assuming the debt or any part thereof of any county, city or political division of the State, unless contracted to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, or for the public defense.

No city or corporation shall incur any debt until provision has been made for the payment thereof.

The payment of the bogus bonds is forever prohibited, together with all war debt, and no suit at law will be allowed to be instituted for the recovery of said alleged obligations.

The State can never increase her bonded debt, and no new bonds shall be issued save to relieve existing bonds which may fall due and cannot be paid by taxation immediately.

The proceeds of the sale of the railroads and other property owned by the State, if ordered to be disposed of, shall be applied to the redemption of the bonded debt of the State, and to no other purpose.

In addition to current expenses and the interest on the public debt, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars shall be raised by taxation annually, as a sinking fund, to liquidate the principal of said debt.

The State Treasurer and Comptroller General are required to make quarterly reports as to the condition of the public finances, which, after due examination by the Governor, shall be published.

The State Printing shall be let out to the lowest bidder, with proper security, and no charges for "constructive labor" will be allowed.

The committee on the Executive Department, reduce the term of office of the Governor to two years, and declare that after two successive elections he shall not, until four years have elapsed, be again eligible. The first election under the new Constitution, would be in 1880.

The powers of the Governor are about the same as now except that he is required to report all pardons or reprieves to the general assembly, giving his reasons for the same.

The Secretary of State, Comptroller General and Treasurer shall be elected by the people at the same time, and in the same manner as the Governor. Their salaries shall not exceed \$2,000 each per annum, and they shall not be allowed any fee, perquisite or compensation outside of their pay, except the fees arising to the Comptroller General from issuing tax executions.

The report on the Judiciary

leaves the courts substantially the same as now constituted, save that provision is made for the appointment of two Assistant Supreme Justices, and the Legislature may reduce the Grand Jury to not less than thirteen, and not less than six shall comprise a traverser or trial jury.

The General Assembly shall provide by law for the selection of competent and intelligent jurors.

The report of the Committee on Elective Franchises, as amended in the Convention, contains the following important particulars:

Section 2. Every male citizen of the United States, twenty-one years old, or upward, who shall have resided in this State one year next preceding the election, and shall have resided six months in the county in which he offers to vote, and shall have paid all taxes which he hereafter be required of him, and which he may have an opportunity of paying, agreeably to law, previous to the year of election, shall be deemed an elector (except as hereinafter provided).

Sec. 5. The General Assembly may provide, from time to time, for the registration of all electors, but the following classes of persons shall not be permitted to register, vote, or hold office, or appointment of honor or trust: Those who shall have been convicted in any of the courts in this state of treason against the State of Georgia, of embezzlement of public funds, malfeasance in office, crime involving moral turpitude, punishable by law with imprisonment in the penitentiary, or larceny, unless they shall have been pardoned; idiots or insane persons.

Sec. 7. The General Assembly shall, by law, forbid the sale, distribution or furnishing of intoxicating drinks within two miles of election precincts on days of elections in this State, and prescribe punishment for the violation of the same.

"Murray County."

Editor Signal & Advertiser:

Every county in which a paper is edited has its advantages. The editor of course takes much pride in speaking of the fair standing, welfare and future prospects of his section. Murray county having no paper printed therein, no one to eagerly search after and publish its items of interest, no one to "exalt its name or sing its fame" I may dare to write, in my feeble manner and send for publication in the news-bearing columns of the Signal & Advertiser a few sketches that may to some, be of interest. Quite a number of years ago I was an inhabitant of Murray, and from my recollections I must write. In regard to agriculture and education it is not behind other counties of North Georgia. The surface of the greater part is level; and where there is uneven or ridge land the elevation is only slight, and they are well timbered and very fertile. The soil of this county produces abundantly all the principal crops grown in this part of the state. Along the West and Northwest runs the Cornsawga river, upon whose banks are some most excellent farms as level, almost, as water itself. Upon the Eastern border Cobbetta and Fort Mountain in majestic grandeur rear their lofty heads as if proudly overlooking the valley below. These mountains can be seen from almost every spot in the county, and are objects of much contemplation, a topic of much interest in social conversation and a place of frequent visit by old and young. They present to the eye of the observer many and varied scenes of beauty. Their sides and tops are adorned with groves, grass, and wild flowers, through which rippling brooks and streamlets wind their way in every direction. These sparkling streams start from the many springs with which the mountain sides abound, and some of which are almost as cold as ice. The waters of these rills after joyfully dancing down many steep and over precipices collect and form four creeks which, brisk and clear, course their ways South-westwardly across the county and empty into the waters that flow along the West. Down these streams are most beautiful and fertile valleys. In these are some of the most productive and least expensive farms that can be found in any country. They are generally in fine condition, well fenced and well cultivated. Wheat, corn and oats never fail to yield more than it takes to meet the demands of the county. And of late much attention is being given to the improvement of the soil by raising grass, clover and peas. Most of the water, except on the mountain, is obtained from wells; though along the valleys of the creeks, scattered here and there, may be found springs similar to those with which the mountain side is refreshed. It is a grand scene to stand upon the mountain sides and look on the farms below, to behold the growing corn, the waving grain, the grazing cattle, the neat cottages, to see busy industry with gleeful heart moving briskly in every department of agriculture, and prosperity shines forth in auspicious farms. The county had the misfortune to lose, by fire the Johnson cotton factory, which was one of its most valuable enterprises. Also lost by fire last fall the hotel of Colnett Springs. These springs whose medicinal qualities are inferior to none in the south, are situated at the base of Colnett mountain and surrounded by most delightful scenery. Along the smooth valleys of these mountain creeks, there is in summer a cool breeze that carries upon its waves, health and refreshment for every bosom. At night the breeze is generally more lively, and in silence speeds its way down the current. The minds of the people are at present aroused by a spirit of education and vigorously are they at work in the same. There are three fine locations for high schools, viz: Sano Seminary, Spring Place and Fort Mountain Academy. The two former have at present schools in a flourishing condition. The latter affords a fine opening for those anxious to take charge of a high school. You who are seeking homes come go to Murray, enjoy its genial air, drink its fresh waters, climb its mountains, view its scenes; soul stirring and awe inspiring as they are make yourself a good member of society and rest assured you will be hailed with welcome and live a happy life.

Georgia News Items.

The following news items we compile from the Georgia News columns of the Savannah News:

Eighty thousand pounds of wool have been purchased and shipped from Hawkinsville this season which is now about closing.

Major William Woods, for many years Ordinary of Morgan county, died at his residence in Madison on Wednesday last, aged sixty-seven.

A curious story is told of one of the counties in Northeast Georgia. It is said that there is only one man in the county worth more than the homestead, and hence it is impossible to make the bonds of the county officers in the county.

Three negroes confined in the jail of Wayne county made their escape on Tuesday last. They were furnished from the outside with a piece of scantling, with which they broke down the door of their cell, and secreting themselves walked out as the jailer entered the door.

Each of the thirteen girls who graduated at College Temple, Newman, Ga., last week, set up the type and printed her own composition, and made the dress worn on the day of the graduating exercises. President Kellogg announced that they had also been thoroughly instructed in the culinary department.

Mr. W. R. Bridges' little daughter, ten, eight or nine years old, while on her way from school on the evening of the 11th inst., in Baker county, sought shelter under a pine tree from the rain. She had one hand resting on the pine when it was struck by lightning, passing down the tree, off on her hand and down her body and leg into the ground. She fell insensible, but consciousness returned in a few minutes. She is now doing well.

We learn from the *Forest News* that on Friday last Miss Lizzie Hunt a beautiful and promising daughter of Dr. J. C. Hunt, of Jefferson, was found dead in her room by her father. She was perfectly well an hour before, with the exception of complaining of neuralgia in her face. Nothing was known as to the particulars of this sad occurrence at the time the *News* went to press.—E.

CLOSING OUT

Before Taking Stock.

WE HAVE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES.

HARD-WARE, STOVE, TIN & WOOD-WARE,

NAILS, IRON, CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES,

SCYTHES & CRADLES,

GRASS BLADES, REAP-HOOKS, &c. FIVE OFFERED FOR SALE IN N. E. GEORGIA, TO BE CLOSED OUT FOR CASH

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

BEFORE TAKING STOCK 25th JULY.

THESE GOODS must be sold, and if you want goods cheaper for the money than can be bought elsewhere, call on us at once. Our goods were bought for the cash, and we know were bought cheap. We are sole agents for J. W. CARROLL & CO.

MOUNTED THRESHERS & CLEANERS.
MOUNTED & DOWN HORSE POWERS.
GROUND HOG THRESHERS, FAN-MILLS, ETC.

—ALSO AGENT FOR—

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES, GIN GEARING,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. WE SELL THE BEST & CHEAPEST

SUGAR CANE MILL AND EVAPORATOR

In the United States. Last but not least

Louderback Rustic Window Shades.

NEATEST and CHEAPEST thing we ever handled. Price One Dollar, does away with two outside blinds together. Every man with a window to his house not by all means to buy Louderback's Rustic Window Shades—for sale by us.

SMITH & JENKINS,

Gainesville, Ga., Near Depot.

ATLANTA ADVERTISEMENTS.

WINSHIP & BROS.
SAW MILLS, IRON WORKS
GRIST MILLS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS &c.
COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM,
HAND OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS
ETC. ETC.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR
ATLANTA, GA.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

THE CHEAPEST BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE IN GEORGIA.

ORDER EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE DIRECT TO

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

OF EVERY GRADE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. A. HAYGOOD,

38 and 42 Marietta Street,

ATLANTA, - GEORGIA.

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, Matting,

Curtains, Wall Paper,

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

June 28-3m

A. J. McBRIDE.

S. L. McBRIDE.

McBRIDE & COMPANY,

—DEALER IN—

EARTHENWARE, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CUTLERY, SHOW CASES, &c.

No. 3 Pryor Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Millville Atmospheric Fruit Jar.

THE MOST PERFECT FRUIT PRESERVER IN THE WORLD

Trade Supplied by McBride & Co.,

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

June 28-3m

The dinner given to Gen. Grant at the London Reform Club, cost each member about twenty dollars.

\$12 day at home. Agents wanted. and terms free. True & Co., August 1903. March 3.

FOR PAMPHLETS ADDRESS DR. SANFORD, NEW YORK

W. M. BURROW,
200 Main St., Bristol, Tenn

Signal & Advertiser

WALTER P. HOWELL, Editor.

DARLINGTON, GA., AUGUST 3, 1877.

The Constitutional Convention is moving on pretty well, and we feel satisfied, says an exchange, the Convention since reading the proceedings that our laws will be greatly improved. The Capital and Home-stand questions will be submitted separate from the ratification of the constitution—to be voted for on the same day.

One of the prominent Mexican journals, during the height of the excitement in the country caused by the orders of this government to Gen. Ord, became exceedingly pugnacious, and uttered this peculiar sentiment: "They tell us that Mexico is not prepared for war, but we answer there is one thing Mexico never was prepared for, and that is peace."

An Atlanta letter to the Savannah News makes this business and professional classification of the members of the Convention:

Lawyers 51, farmers 44, doctors 15, merchants 13, manufacturers 5, railroad managers 4, teachers 2, editors 2, preachers 5, professional office holders 4. Some, of course, fall more than one profession, and are so reported in the above.

At last a new industry has been opened up to the thousands of unemployed masses who cannot, as they say, make the wherewithal to buy bread. The authorities of Deadwood in the Black Hills have offered \$250 for every Indian killed. Now let the hungry but industrious tramp flee thither and put in his most powerful flick. All he has to do to immediately become a bloated capitalist and aristocrat, is to knock over half a dozen or so redskins. It is a light, pleasing and easy occupation—provided always, nevertheless, that he doesn't get knocked over himself.

The new \$50 gold coin, which is to be struck from a die now in course of preparation by the officers of the Government mint, will not be the first coin of that value in the United States. In 1851 \$50 gold coins were issued at the United States Assay Office in San Francisco. Many coins of this denomination went into use, but they gradually disappeared for the reason that they were intrinsically worth more than \$50 in gold by reason of the silver they contained in excess of the standard, and because they were too heavy for ordinary carriage. They were octagonal in shape.

As fair specimens of the men who were leaders in the late scenes of riot and bloodshed the following is recorded: At Chicago an ex-Alderman, who, some time ago, fled to Canada to escape the penitentiary for complicity with the whisky thieves, delivered an incendiary address to a so-called meeting of working men. In Columbus, Ohio, "Johnny Cain, formerly a convict in the penitentiary, made himself a leader in a workingmen's demonstration." "At Marietta, Pa., a large body of tramps organized to plunder the town and neighborhood." No wonder honest workingmen should be ashamed to be caught in such company.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for August is full of interesting matter and entertaining. It contains an article illustrative of the "Jews in America," with thirteen fine engravings, portraits, etc., of the Jewish Church. "A Run along the Smyrna Coast," by Leonard Scott; "All About Turtle Hunting," "The Provisioning of Paris," "Southern Scenes," "Manufacture of Paper," "The Opium Habit." A variety of biographical and other interesting paragraphs, a number of beautiful short stories, etc., etc., all contained in 126 pages, and enriched with 100 illustrations. The publication is a highly meritorious one and is entitled to the continued patronage and praise of all who can appreciate so good a magazine, and withal it is cheap. It may be obtained for one year, by mail, postpaid, or \$2.50, or single number, at the great Summer Holiday Number for 25 cents, by addressing your orders, with price inclosed, direct to FRANK LESLIE'S PUBLISHING HOUSE, 537 Pearl Street, New York.

The Convention.

The Convention is hammering away, trying to abolish useless and expensive State offices, of which the Constitution has this to say:

It is certain now that a most determined fight will be made upon the bureau, beginning with the agricultural bureau. It looks as if the tide had set sharply against these departments.

In a conversation with Colonel Harris, chairman of the committee on institutions, before which the departments were on trial, we learned that the Committee voted eight to one in favor of abolishing them. The opinion of the committee are very positive upon this subject, and will be enforced before the Convention. Colonel Harris has given the subject a great deal of thought, and will base his argument against the department upon the circular of the commissioner himself.

The Report of the Committee on Judicial Circuits.

From the Macon Telegraph and Messenger.

Which was made by a majority of the committee to the Convention on Friday but not acted upon, provides for reducing the present number (70) to sixteen. The committee show that the average time consumed in holding the courts of the various circuits as now organized, is twenty-four weeks, though in some, the time is much greater, as in the Savannah circuit where thirty-eight weeks are necessary, and the Middle and Patuxent circuits where only sixteen weeks are required to dispose of the business. The committee are of the opinion that each judge should work at least thirty-two weeks in a year, and report that the reduction would save the State eleven thousands and dollars annually. The committee recommended the sixteen circuits to be constituted as follows:

The First Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Bryan, Bulloch, Chatham, Effingham and Liberty. The Second Circuit of the counties of Appling, Camden, Charlton, Coffee, Clinch, Glynn, McIntosh, Ware, Wayne, Wilcox and Montgomery. The Third Circuit of the counties of Baker, Berrien, Brooks, Colquitt, DeKalb, Echols, Irwin, Lowndes, Miller Mitchell, Thomas and Worth. The Fourth Circuit of the counties of Calhoun, Randolph, Stewart and Terrell. The Fifth Circuit of the counties of Chatham, Chocoma, Dooly, Houston, Macon, Marion, Schley, Sumter, Taylor, Webster and Wilcox. The Sixth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Harris, Meriwether, Muscogee, Talbot and Troup. The Seventh Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Bibb, Crawford, Jones, Monroe, Pike, Twiggs and Upson. The Eighth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Baldwin, Dodge, Emanuel, Johnson, Laurens, Jefferson, Pickens, Tatnall, Washington and Wilkinson. The Ninth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Burke, Columbia, McDuffie, Richmond and Screven. The Tenth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Glascock, Greene, Hancock, Lincoln, Morgan, Oglethorpe, Putnam, Taliaferro, Warren and Wilkes. The Eleventh Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Butts, Clayton, Fayette, Jasper, Henry, Newton, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton. The Twelfth Circuit of the counties of DeKalb, Fulton and Milton. The Thirteenth Circuit of the counties of Carroll, Coweta, Troup, Cobb, Forsyth, Haralson, Heard, Paulding and Campbell. The Fourteenth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Banks, Clarke, Elbert, Franklin, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Hart, Jackson, Madison and Oconee. The Fifteenth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Bartow, Cherokee, Dawson, Fannin, Gilmer, Lumpkin, Pickens, Rabun, Towns, Union and White. The Sixteenth Circuit shall be composed of the counties of Calhoun, Chatham, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Murray, Polk, Walker, and Whitfield.

Sec. 2. At the expiration of the term of the several Judges and Solicitors General of the Circuits, as at present organized, under the Constitution prescribed by this Convention, there shall be a Judge and a Solicitor General appointed in each of said districts in the mode prescribed in the Constitution.

The Losses of a Week.

The strikers and rioters have held the Northern Railroads and workshops for about a week. The first riot began at Baltimore Saturday night, 21st instant, and there was a pretty general dead-lock in travel, transportation, trade and manufacturing up to last night. If some of the rioters who are quick at figures would make a bill of losses for the week, resulting from their operation, the exhibit would be appalling to any man of common sense.

It would begin with a week's loss of time by half a million operatives, of all kinds; at an average of not less than a dollar and a quarter per day. That would foot up \$750,000. The second item was \$450,000 in Pittsburgh alone, may be reckoned six million. A third item would be the loss of time and expense of the volunteer and Federal forces who have been operating to quell the riot, and we shall put down at three million. The last item, we will lump—and we will say for the loss in earnings of all the railroads stopped—of the thousands of factories, and warehouses stopped, and of their operatives forced to beg—no less than ten millions will satisfy that bill—so that we will set down the losses of the week by this insane folly as not less than a total of twenty-eight to thirty million of dollars. And this seems but a low estimate when we remember that the trade and operating capital and labor of a large portion of the Union has been looked up for a week by this miserable folly.

Of course, such a catastrophe inflicted on the country in a period of extraordinary stringency, will be exceedingly calamitous, and the most distressing part of the misfortune must bear on those who eat the fruits of their own daily labor. The strikers will find that they have punished themselves terribly in last week's work.

The Georgia Marshals.

Under this head the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune, under date of Saturday, sends the following:

Edward Thomas, of Atlanta, Georgia, a Democrat, is a candidate for the Marshalship of that State, in the place of Capt. Smythe, who has held the position for eight years. Prominent Republicans from Georgia, learning that Mr. Thomas might possibly be appointed, have opposed his selection on the ground that there are numerous Republicans in the State competent to fill the place with credit both to themselves and the government. Besides this, some of them say privately that if a Democrat is to be selected for this most important Federal office in the State the administration would do better to appoint some man who has real power and influence in his party, rather than one of less political prominence. Many men of the former stamp can be found in Georgia who will be willing to accept the place, and one or two of them, at least, have already made formal applications.

The Strike—Is it Coming South.

Thomsonville Times: It is reported by telegraph that the Northern "communes" are sending emissaries South to stir up strife among railroad men and all classes of operatives. The first one caught South of Mason and Dixon's line, ought to be hung higher than Haman. No quarter should be shown these bold agrarians. Let us nip the thing in the bud here in the South. As an evidence that those social agitators are sowing seeds of dissension and strife South, reports of a heavy strike reaches us from Louisville, Ky., and reports are also rife of similar demonstrations in Atlanta, Macon and Savannah. We sincerely hope that this mad communitistic rabble, may not find a foothold on Southern soil. Let it be confined to the North where it had its origin.

PALATABLE MEDICINE. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a honeyed drop of relief, his Cathartic Pills glide sugar-shod over the palate; and his Sarsaparilla is a nectar that imparts vigor to life, restores the health and expels disease. Waterford (Pa.) Advertiser.

Georgia News.

From the Savannah Morning News. The boot blacks of Augusta have organized a strike. They want ten cents a boot, or will shine two for fifteen cents. The capitalists are stubborn and will not yield to the demand.

Another terrible railroad disaster is recorded in the Constitution of Wednesday on the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad resulting in the death of the engineer, Joel Osborne, and Thomas Henderson, fireman, both of Atlanta. The accident occurred in passing over a trestle between Eutaw and Black Warrior river. The supporters gave way, and the engine was precipitated a distance of forty feet to the bottom of a ravine. A sad sequel to this accident is mentioned, that when the news reached Atlanta of the death of Mr. Osborne, Mrs. J. W. Bridwell, who is related to Mr. Osborne by marriage, was seized with convulsions and dropped dead, and two of Mrs. Bridwell's daughters lie in a critical condition, in consequence of the shock received.

Five men visited Tabbottom last Tuesday whose aggregate ages was over four hundred years. One of them aged over eighty, walked seven miles to town.

Arnon Revill killed John Seny in Meriwether county. They were both colored, and the slayer, who was only fifteen years old, escaped.

The Butler Herald says: "An officer and two other gentlemen passed through Butler on Saturday morning last with two negro boys, about fifteen or sixteen years old, who had committed the heinous crime of rape on a little white girl about fourteen years of age, in Schley county. There were three negroes implicated, but one made his escape."

The Millville Advertiser learns that the worms are destroying the cotton crop of Mr. Frank Minor. One field of about twenty acres was almost entirely destroyed.

There were six burials in the city cemetery of Columbus on Monday, as follows: Mrs. Tatum, city Judge Howard, from Wyannton; Mr. Garret, from Girard and the young children of Mr. G. M. Williams, Mr. John White and Dr. C. J. Moffett. Oglethorpe county boasts of a remarkable stalk of corn grown on the plantation of Mr. T. L. Williams. It had been planted on the 27th of April, and on the 10th day of July it had two large roasting ears on it, only two months and thirteen days from the seed to the ear.

The Thomsonville Times says that nineteenth century cabbages, trimmed for the pot, are common on the streets of Thomsonville. And yet some people believe that this cabbage cannot be raised at the South.

The Augusta Chronicle says: "We have heard that there were some counties in Georgia which could show twenty-five hundred dogs to three sheep. We are told that sheep-raising has almost ceased in the vicinity of this city because of the forays of worthless curs. And yet from the backs of sheep wool in a single year has been clipped valued at \$450,000,000. It would take a good many dogs to bring that much money."

Mr. Stephens is in Atlanta, the guest of Gen. Toombs, and he is credited with saying to a Constitution reporter, in reference to the convention: "It is a remarkably intelligent body of men, and contains, as far as I have been able to observe, not only the best men in the State, but the best average men. 'But there is one thing,' continued Mr. Stephens, 'that I am afraid they are going to do. I am afraid they are going to reduce the number of members of the Legislature. This will be a very great mistake.'

"The Millville Atmospheric Fruit Jar."

In view of the approaching fruit season—which gives promise of a bountiful yield of fruit—Messrs. Gursley & Bro. ordered and have now on hand a full supply of these celebrated "fruit preservers." Several of our farmers and fruit growers have already supplied themselves with these Jars. Prices are dirt cheap for the article, are as follows: Size one-half gallon, per dozen \$4.00, quart size, per dozen, \$3.00. Call early before they are all gone as they are going like hot cakes.

CLOSING OUT

Before Taking Stock.

WE HAVE IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, MILLINERY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES,

HARD-WARE, STOVE, TIN & WOOD-WARE,

NAILS, IRON, CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES,

SCYTHES & CRADLES,

GRASS BLADES, REAP-HOOKS, &c., &c. OFFERED FOR SALE IN N. K. GEORGIA, TO BE CLOSED OUT FOR CASH

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

BEFORE TAKING STOCK 25th JULY.

THESE GOODS must be sold, and if you want goods cheaper than the money that can be bought, call on us at once. Thousands were bought for the cash, and we now were bought cheap. We are ready agents for J. W. CARMICHAEL & CO.

MOUNTED THRESHING & CLEANING, MOUNTED & DOWN HORSE POWERS, GROUND ROG THRESHING, FAN-MILLS, ETC.

—ALSO AGENT FOR—

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES, GIN GEARING,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. WE SELL THE BEST & CHEAPEST

SUGAR CANE MILL AND EVAPORATOR

In the United States. Last but not least

Louderback Rustic Window Shades.

NEATEST and CHEAPEST thing we ever handled. Price One Dollar, does away with two outside blinds together. Every man with a window in his house can afford to buy Louderback's Rustic Window Shades for sale only by us.

SMITH & JENKINS,

Gainesville, Ga., 26th Depot.

ATLANTA ADVERTISEMENTS.

WINSHIP & BROS. IRON WORKS
SAWMILLS, CRISTMILLS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS & COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. ETC. SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO ATLANTA, GA.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

THE CHEAPEST BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE IN GEORGIA.

ORDER EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE DIRECT TO

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

OF EVERY GRADE. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Georgia.

WM. A. HAYGOOD,

38 and 42 Marietta Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CARPETS.

Oil Cloths, Matting,

Curtains, Wall Paper,

—AND—

GENERAL INTERIOR DECORATIONS.

June 28-3m

A. J. McBRIDE,

S. L. McBRIDE

McBRIDE & COMPANY,

—DEALERS IN—

BARBENWARE, GLASSWARE, CHINA, CUTLERY, SHOW CASES, &c.

No. 13 Pryor Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Millville Atmospheric Fruit Jar.

THE MOST PERFECT FRUIT PRESERVER IN THE WORLD

Trade Supplied by McBride & Co.,

—AT—

MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

June 29-3m

Captain and two post office employees as Lieutenants, and claims that the organization is solely of a social nature. Here is a chance for another letter from Key.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer &
Practical and Analytical Chemists
LOWELL, MASS.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted.
and terms free. True & Co., A
Maine. march

SEND 25c. to GEO. F. ROWELL & CO., New York, for pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing

200 Main Str Bristol, Tenn